



# HUNGER SEDER

2016 | 5776

**MAZON**

A Jewish Response  
To Hunger

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# WHAT IS A HUNGER SEDER?

**LEADER** *Each year, Jews across the world join with family, friends, neighbors, and strangers to celebrate the holiday of Passover. But why? What is behind this tradition?*

*Seder means "order." The ordered rituals and symbols of the Passover seder help us to tell the story of the Jewish people's liberation from slavery in Egypt.*

*(Leader holds up the Seder Plate and briefly explains the ritual items and what they symbolize.)*

For today's seder we choose to recognize that while the Jewish people may be free, not everyone has cause for celebration. Many people, even in a free society such as ours, are bound by the hardships and challenges of their circumstances. We come together today with them in mind, determined to realize our vision of a day when we will all be truly free from the oppression of hunger.

**LEADER** *Let us honor this moment by joining together in song:*

## SONG: HINEI MAH TOV

הִנֵּה מַה טוֹב וּמַה נְעִים  
שֶׁבֶת אַחִים גַּם יַחַד.

*Hineh mah tov u'ma-na'im shevet achim gam yachad*

How good it is for brothers and sisters  
to be together.



## FOUR CUPS FOR FOUR PROMISES

During the traditional seder, we join together and drink four cups of wine: a cup for each of the promises of freedom God made to the Israelites as God led us out of bondage. Today we join together and make four new promises — promises not about breaking the shackles of Egyptian slavery, but about breaking the bonds of hunger. We do so standing together and calling for a better tomorrow, one in which we are all blessed to have bountiful and nutritious food for our families, our neighbors, our friends, and for all Americans.

### ALL READ IN UNISON

1. We will work to ensure that everyone has access to enough nutritious food.
2. We will learn why in a nation of such abundance there are still millions of people who struggle with hunger.
3. We will urge our elected officials and community leaders to support effective public policies and prioritize ending hunger.
4. We will create a world where all Americans and all people are free from hunger.



## KADESH – THE FIRST CUP

As we prepare to drink our first cup of wine and make our first promise, we acknowledge that not everyone is able to feed their bodies with affordable nutritious food. Far too many of our neighbors and friends simply do not have adequate resources to do that which we often take for granted: eat in a way that actually provides nourishment and sustenance. Our first cup of wine is our first promise:

**ALL** We will work to ensure that everyone has access to enough nutritious food.

**LEADER** We lift our glasses and read the blessings together (drink wine after the blessings):

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרֵי הַגָּפֶן.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam borei p'ri hagafen.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

**LEADER** We now say the She'hecheyanu prayer, to give thanks for having an opportunity today to reflect on the problem of hunger and commit to action.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם  
שֶׁהַחַיִּינוּ וְקִיַּמְנוּ וְהִגִּיעָנוּ לְזֶמַן הַזֶּה.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam she'hecheyanu ve'kiyemanu ve'higianu la'zman ha'zeh.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe,  
who has granted us life, sustained us, and enabled us to reach this season.

## URCHATZ – HAND WASHING RITUAL

The washing of hands is a ritual of purification. We symbolically “wash away” apathy or indifference and prepare ourselves to reignite our passion for justice and our commitment to ending hunger. Later, we wash our hands again and say a blessing in preparation for the festive meal.

*(The leader pours water—from a “washing cup” into a bowl—over each hand and then repeats the procedure, symbolically washing the hands for all those at the seder table. No blessing is recited at this time.)*



# KARPAS – GREEN VEGETABLE

**LEADER** *Karpas is from the Greek word Karpos, which means “fruit of the soil.” When spring comes we note with pleasure the bounty of vegetables and fruits in the market. Yet in communities and neighborhoods across the country, instead of a seasonal bounty there exists persistent scarcity.*

Across the country, currently serving members of our armed forces and veterans regularly turn to food pantries, sometimes in uniform, looking for help to feed themselves and their families. While many emergency food providers have responded by developing specific and innovative programs to assist food-insecure military families, most of these organizations are strapped by increasing demands for services in general and have limited capacity to address this population. Our public officials must do more to address this unacceptable and long-ignored problem.

Hunger is experienced too often among veterans, especially those veterans having difficulty transitioning back to civilian life and the workforce, waiting extended periods of time for disability determinations, or struggling to make ends meet when the disability pay is low.

For currently serving members of the military, food insecurity is triggered by a number of different circumstances, including low pay for lower ranking enlistees, high unemployment among military spouses, larger household sizes, challenges around activation and deployment, and unexpected financial emergencies.

There is clear evidence of widespread reliance on food pantries and distribution programs on and near military bases across the country. There can be no denying that food insecurity among military families is a real and painful reality and that government safety net programs are not adequately meeting the needs of those who serve our country with honor and dignity. We must take action to correct this injustice.



**LEADER** *We dip our green vegetable into salt water, a symbol of our ancestors' tears and of the injustices for which we weep in our own day. Together we recite the blessing:*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרֵי הָאֲדָמָה.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam borei p'ri ha'adama.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, creator of the fruits of the earth.  
May the blessings of Your bountiful harvests be enjoyed by all of humankind.

# YACHATZ – BREAKING THE MIDDLE MATZAH

*(Leader breaks matzah and holds up the broken piece.)*

**LEADER** *This broken matzah reminds us that our world is broken. We recall those who are poor, whose uncertainty about their future compels them to put aside the “broken half” for later use. We are shaken out of our complacency as we recall God’s words: “Remember that you were slaves in the land of Egypt.”*

Through service to others, we meet the immediate needs of those who are struggling. But direct service can only alleviate some of the pain of hunger. Charity alone is not the answer.

We must advocate for effective and enduring public policies to ensure that our nation’s families need not worry about providing themselves and their children with the sustenance they need. Raising our voices on behalf of the most vulnerable among us helps protect and strengthen nutrition programs that provide vital assistance to struggling families and individuals.



# MAGGID – TELLING THE STORY

**LEADER** *The story of the Jewish people's journey from slavery to liberation is the heart of the seder.*

הָא לַחֲמַא עֲנִיא.

*Ha Lachma Anya.*

This is the bread of poverty.

**ALL** This is the bread of poverty which our ancestors ate in the land of Egypt.

Let all who are hungry come and eat.

Let all who are in need come and share our meal.

This year we are here. Next year, may we all be in the land of Israel.

This year we are still slaves. Next year may we all be free.

**LEADER** *We were slaves in Egypt and God brought us out from there with a strong hand and an outstretched arm. If God had not brought us out from Egypt, then we, our children, and our children's children might still have been slaves in Egypt.*

Who can say we've actually left? "Wherever you live, it is probably Egypt," Michael Walzer wrote. Do you live in a place where some people work two and three jobs to feed their children, and others don't even have a single, poorly paid job? Do you live in a community where the rich are fabulously rich, and the poor humiliated and desperate? Do you live in a place where some people are more equal than others?

America is a golden land, absolutely, and for Jews, it has been an ark of refuge. But it has not yet fulfilled its promise... The seder marks the flight from the humiliation of slavery to the grandeur of freedom, but not everyone has come on this journey... Aren't we still commanded to bring everyone out of Egypt?

Excerpt by Jeffrey Goldberg from NEW AMERICAN HAGGADAH edited by Jonathan Safran Foer



## THE FOUR QUESTIONS

**LEADER** *The Four Questions we ask at our Hunger Seder challenge us to consider what is different about this night. Only when we ask the right questions can we understand the causes of hunger and take action to end this unnecessary plight.*

### **1 ALL Why during this seder do we focus on hunger?**

Hunger remains a painful physical reality for far too many of our friends, neighbors, and family members. Hunger is an oppressive force that holds individuals back from realizing their full potential in life and limits our society from making greater progress. The Passover seder celebrates liberation from bondage and the joy of freedom. But in communities across our country, millions of Americans struggle to put enough nutritious food on the table and are bound by the hardships of their circumstances. As long as Americans continue to struggle with food insecurity, we will continue to dedicate this Hunger Seder to the goal of ending hunger and its causes.

### **2 ALL Why isn't it better for local charities to feed people, instead of the government?**

Charitable organizations — including MAZON's nationwide partners on the front lines — are not set up to feed every hungry person in their communities. Food pantries and soup kitchens were created to provide support during temporary or emergency situations, not to solve systemic problems. Many are open only a few days a week and for a few hours of each day. They are largely volunteer run, often out of basements or closets at their local houses of worship, and they primarily distribute food that has been donated from within their communities. They simply could never have the capacity to feed the number of people who need help. Government nutrition programs, on the other hand, have the ability to help millions of people get the food they need to lead healthy lives.

### **3 ALL What are the costs of hunger for our country?**

Being hungry can be all-consuming and distracting, which in turn decreases productivity in working adults and negatively impacts the ability for unemployed individuals to find work. Seniors are particularly vulnerable when it comes to food insecurity and face serious health risks from nutritional deficiencies. Without sufficient food and proper nutrition, children are at a much greater risk for developmental problems, chronic health conditions, and poor academic performance, and face reduced prospects for economic and professional achievement later in life.

The many personal costs of hunger are magnified at the national level. According to an estimate by researchers from the Center for American Progress, Brandeis University, and the Harvard School of Public Health, "hunger costs our nation at least \$167.5 billion due to the combination of lost productivity per year, more expensive public education because of the rising costs of poor education outcomes, avoidable health care costs, and the costs of charity to keep families fed." In both the short and long term, having a substantial population of people struggling with hunger impedes our country's economic prosperity for everyone.

**4 ALL How could so many individuals and families still suffer from hunger when we live in a society of tremendous wealth?**

The best adjective to accurately describe the amount of food available in the United States is *abundant*. Yet food insecurity affects 1 out of every 7 men, women and children in America. Hunger persists in this country not because of a lack of food, but because of a lack of political will. Now is the time to act and ensure that all people have access to affordable, nutritious food.

**LEADER** *Each year at the Seder, we ask the traditional Four Questions. And each year, MAZON asks a Fifth Question to raise awareness about a particular hunger-related issue and spark important conversations around the seder table. This year, we turn our attention to currently serving military families and veterans experiencing food insecurity.*



Across the country, currently serving members of our armed forces and veterans regularly turn to food pantries and distribution programs, sometimes in uniform, looking for help to feed themselves and their families. While many emergency food providers have stepped up their support, most of these organizations are strapped by increasing demands for services in general and have limited capacity to address this population. Our public officials must do more to address this unacceptable and long-ignored problem.

**5 ALL Why is the Department of Defense letting military families struggle to put food on the table?**

**LEADER** *Our tradition demands that we ask questions, challenge the status quo, and work to create a more fair and equitable society. We were slaves, but now we are free. And with our freedom comes the responsibility to work for justice and freedom for all.*

**SONG: AVADIM HAYINU**

עֲבָדִים הָיִינוּ  
עַתָּה בְּנֵי חוֹרֵין.

*Avadim hayinu  
Ata b'nai chorin.*

We were slaves – now we are free.

## FOUR FACES OF MILITARY HUNGER



### GABRIEL FROM SAN DIEGO, CA

"In the civilian world, that person with a degree like mine would get paid about three times more than I am. I like being in the Marines, but with a wife and child, and another on the way, my paycheck isn't enough to make ends meet."



### JOE FROM BOZEMAN, MT

"Even though the VA knew about our financial problems, and my medical needs, no one ever mentioned any other options for assistance like SNAP or WIC. We didn't know they even existed."



### ERIKA FROM BALLSTON SPA, NY

"At one point, I didn't know what we would do to afford the basics. I reluctantly applied for SNAP benefits, and was denied. I was just dumbfounded. After being denied for SNAP, I didn't know what else to do. I didn't know of any other options."



### ASTRID FROM SAN DIEGO, CA

"We're making every effort to give our kids the best. We make sacrifices. I go to the food distributions not by choice, but to make sure my children have every single thing they need... Why do people outside the military know that military families are needy, but the DOD and Congress don't seem to?"

## THE TEN PLAGUES

**LEADER** *On Passover, we read about the ten plagues God unleashed on the Egyptians. The plagues we see today, however, are not punishments from God, but ones of our own doing – the awful, unintended consequences of our own actions and inactions. As we read each of these plagues aloud, we dip a finger into the wine and touch a drop onto our plate. This reminds us that, even as we celebrate freedom, our freedom is not complete when others still suffer.*

*(Dip your finger in your glass and place a drop of wine on the plate for each plague.)*

### ALL READ TOGETHER IN UNISON

1. **A single mother who gives the last bits of food to her toddler while she goes hungry.**
2. **A brother and sister in a rural community who live too far away to participate in the summer feeding program and miss meals during the summer months.**
3. **A military family who struggles to make ends meet on the salary of a low ranking enlisted soldier and resorts to anonymously getting a monthly food box at the local pantry to feed their children.**
4. **A middle school student who doesn't take the free school breakfast because he is ashamed of being poor.**
5. **A senior who makes painful choices between paying for medicine or food, but doesn't apply for SNAP because he finds the application process overwhelming.**
6. **A recently unemployed mom who is worried about getting a new job that pays enough to cover her childcare costs.**
7. **A recent veteran facing difficulty transitioning back to civilian life and making ends meet, but isn't aware of nutrition assistance benefits to help him.**
8. **An American Indian family living on a reservation who faces many barriers to healthy eating, including severe poverty and unemployment, limited options for fresh produce, and exceptionally high food prices.**
9. **A young family that lives in an urban neighborhood where there is no full-service grocery store, only fast food and convenience stores.**
10. **APATHY, the greatest plague of all — the failure to make ending hunger a national priority.**

## DAYENU

**LEADER** *In the traditional Passover seder, we pause to reflect on what we have in our lives for which we are grateful and thank God for the miracles God performed. Let's now recite aloud the blessings we enjoy. After each blessing, we take a moment to say together "Dayenu — it would have been enough."*

- 1. We are grateful that so many among us do not suffer from the oppression and hardship of daily hunger.** *Dayenu*
- 2. We are grateful to live in a democracy and have the ability to influence our government's priorities.** *Dayenu*
- 3. We are grateful for the opportunity to direct national attention to the injustice of hunger and the heartbreaking stories of those impacted.** *Dayenu*
- 4. We are grateful to those who use their hands to stock a food bank, their feet to march to Capitol Hill, and their voices to demand justice.** *Dayenu*
- 5. We are grateful we made the time to be present for this Hunger Seder to educate ourselves and be inspired to act.** *Dayenu*
- 6. We are grateful for each other - alone we are limited, but together we are powerful advocates for change.** *Dayenu*

### SONG: DAYENU

דַּיְנוּ

*Day Day-enu, Day Day-enu, Day Day-enu  
Dayenu, Dayenu (x2)*

## THE SYMBOLS OF OUR SEDER

**LEADER** *Rabbi Gamliel taught that when we tell the story of the Exodus, we must also explain the meaning of the most important symbols: zeroah, matzah, and maror.*

*(Leader holds up each symbol as the designated portion is read.)*

Zeroah is a roasted shank bone, which reminds us that God told the Israelites to put lamb's blood on our doors to escape the tenth plague, the slaying of the first born.

We eat matzah because there was not enough time for the Israelites to allow their dough to rise before they fled Egypt from slavery into freedom.

Maror are bitter herbs, reminding us how the Egyptians embittered the lives of the Israelites.

At this Hunger Seder today, we recognize these traditional symbols as reminders of our obligation to work for the day when all people are free from the injustice and oppression of hunger.

בְּכֹל דּוֹר וְדוֹר חַיָּב אָדָם לִרְאוֹת  
אֶת עַצְמוֹ כְּאִלּוּ הוּא יָצָא מִמִּצְרַיִם.

*B'chol dor v'dor chayav adam lirot et atzmo k'ilu hu yatzah mi'Mitzrayim.*

In every generation, we are obligated to view ourselves as if we were the ones who went out from Egypt.

In every generation, we are obligated to view ourselves as if we were the ones who went out from Egypt, as it is said: And on that day tell your child, saying "For this purpose Adonai labored on my behalf, by taking me out of Egypt." It was not our ancestors alone who were delivered by the Holy Blessed One — we were also delivered with them.

We were there, and yet we are also here, part of the unfolding story of pursuing justice in our own time. We retell and remember what was and at the same time we continue to shape what will be.

## HALLEL – SONGS OF PRAISE

(Full texts of Psalms 113 or 114 may be inserted here)

**“Hallel is about praising God, not about self-satisfaction. The latter makes us complacent and lethargic, but the former can only expand our dedication to the principles that God’s goodness represents in our lives. Our praise of God can motivate us to do God’s work in the world – the work of liberation, love, and justice.”**

— Rabbi Sheila Peltz Weinberg

Taken from “A Night of Questions: A Passover Haggadah”, The Reconstructionist Press, 2000

**LEADER** *Let us honor this moment by joining together in song:*

### SONG: HALLELU

הַלְלוּיָהּ

*Hallelu, Hallelu, Hallelu, (repeat 3x)*

*Hallelu-ya, Hallelu-ya, Hallelu, Hallelu-ya (repeat 2x)*

Let us praise, Let us praise God.

## KOS SHEINI – THE SECOND CUP

**LEADER** *The Second Cup represents our promise:*

**ALL** **We will learn why in a nation of such abundance there are still millions of people who struggle with hunger.**

The more we know about the reasons that friends, neighbors, and others in our community experience food insecurity, the better able we will be to create solutions that will free them from this bondage.

**LEADER** *We lift our glasses and read the blessing together (drink wine after the blessing):*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרֵי הַגֶּפֶן.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam borei p'ri hagafen.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

## ROCHTZAH – HAND WASHING RITUAL BEFORE THE MEAL

Once again we wash our hands, this time in anticipation of the festive meal. May this ritual act of hand washing, followed by a blessing, lead to other sacred acts of preparation and protest, advocacy and activism, so that all may find they have the nutritious food they need.

*(Either have volunteers walk around to each table with a pitcher of water and a basin or invite seder guests to wash their hands in some other way.)*

**LEADER** *We join together in the blessing:*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם  
אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוָּנוּ עַל נְטִילַת יָדַיִם.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam  
asher kideshanu be'mitzvotav ve'tzivanu al n'tilat yadayim.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who has made us holy with God's commandments and commanded us to wash our hands.



# MOTZI MATZAH – EATING THE UNLEAVENED BREAD

**LEADER** *We thank God for providing us wheat to make bread. In doing so, God gives us the tools we need to sustain ourselves and our communities. We have the tools to create a hunger-free world. It is our responsibility to use these tools to create a more just society.*

*(Leader lifts up a piece of matzah and invites all to eat a piece of matzah after the blessing.)*

**LEADER** *We join together in the blessing over the matzah:*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם  
הַמוֹצֵיא לֶחֶם מִן הָאָרֶץ.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam hamotzi lechem min ha'aretz.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who brings forth bread from the earth.



# MAROR – BITTER HERBS

**LEADER** *Another important Passover symbol is maror, bitter herbs. Bitter herbs serve as a reminder of how the Egyptians embittered the lives of our fathers and mothers. When we eat these bitter herbs, we recognize the bitterness of servitude and oppression.*

**ALL** **It is our obligation, as people and as members of this community, to do what we can to lighten the load of those less fortunate and to show compassion for all those who continue to face the oppression of hunger and its causes.**

*(Leader lifts up maror and invites all to eat a piece of maror after the blessing.)*

**LEADER** *We join together in the blessing over the maror:*

*(In some communities, the prayer below is omitted if the Hunger Seder is not held during Passover)*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם  
אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוָּנוּ עַל אֲכִילַת מָרוֹר.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam  
asher kideshanu be'mitzvotav ve'tzivanu al achilat maror.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who has made us holy with God's commandments and commanded us to eat bitter herbs.

# KOREICH – HILLEL SANDWICH

To carry out the instruction, "They shall eat it with unleavened bread and bitter herbs" (Numbers 9:11), the great sage Hillel would combine matzah and maror on Passover and eat them together. We eat a sandwich of matzah, maror, and charoset to remember both the bitterness and injustice of hunger and the redemptive sweetness that comes with working together to bring about real social change.

*(The bottom matzah on the seder plate is broken and distributed. Each person takes two pieces of matzah and creates a sandwich with the charoset and maror.)*

# SHULCHAN OREICH – FESTIVAL MEAL

*If the event includes a festival meal, it should be served at this time. We encourage you to use the time while participants are eating to engage in discussion about hunger and/or conduct an advocacy activity.*



# TZAFUN – FINDING THE AFIKOMEN

Afikomen comes from the Greek word for dessert and is the last item eaten during the seder. Traditionally, the Afikomen is hidden toward the beginning of the seder to keep children's attention. When the meal is over, the seder's younger participants search the house for the Afikomen.

This year, let us consider the search for the Afikomen as a symbol for the ongoing search for answers as to why so many in America are not able to eat healthy nutritious meals every day.

*(Look for the Afikomen if it has been hidden earlier in the seder.)*

# BARECH – INVITATION TO GRATITUDE

**LEADER** *After we've eaten, we bless God for the good land that God has given us. We bless You, Adonai, for the land and for the food it yields. It is our responsibility to make sure that it is distributed so that every person gets the nutrition he or she needs to thrive.*

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ הֵזֵן אֶת הַכֹּל.

*Baruch ata Adonai hazan et hakol.*

Blessed are You Adonai, who provides food for all.

## KOS SH'LISHI – THE THIRD CUP

**LEADER** *We drink the Third Cup to remember our promise:*

**ALL** **We will urge our elected officials and community leaders to support effective public policies and prioritize ending hunger.**

*We lift our glasses and read the blessing together (drink wine after the blessing):*

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְרִי הַגָּפֶן.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam borei p'ri hagafen.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

## KOS ELIJAHU – THE CUP FOR ELIJAH

*(Pass around Elijah's cup and have all participants fill the cup with some wine from their own cups.)*

Elijah's cup sits on our table as a symbol of hope and the coming of the Messianic Age. It is a Passover tradition for each person to spill a little wine from his/her glass into Elijah's cup, which has been empty for the entire seder. Through such collaborative effort we will build strong communities and create the change we wish for in our world.

### SONG: ELIJAHU HA'NAVI

אֱלִיָּהוּ הַנָּבִיא אֱלִיָּהוּ הַתְּשֻׁבִי  
אֱלִיָּהוּ הַגִּלְעָדִי  
בְּמַהְרָה בְּיָמֵינוּ יָבוֹא אֵלֵינוּ  
עִם מְשִׁיחַ בֶּן דָּוִד.

*Eliyahu hanavi. Eliyahu hatishbi. Eliyahu hagil'adi.  
Bim'hera be'yamaynu yavoh eleinu,  
im mashiach ben David.*

May the Prophet Elijah come quickly in our day  
and bring the time of the Messiah.

## KOS MIRIAM – MIRIAM'S CUP

*(Leader lifts Miriam's cup.)*

Elijah's cup is one of a future promise. And yet there is still a long way to go until the day when all who are hungry will be able to come and eat. Jewish tradition teaches that Miriam the prophet is always with us, and her presence calls us to work for — not wait for — that day. Just as Miriam's well sustained the Israelites in the wilderness, so too we pray that we be nourished and sustained on our journey toward justice and an end to hunger.

*(Leader takes a sip of water from Miriam's cup.)*

# HALLEL – SONGS OF PRAISE

## READ RESPONSIVELY

**LEADER** *Today we give thanks for the Passover story*  
**And its enduring message of freedom and justice.**

**LEADER** *Today we give thanks for our individual blessings*  
**And our commitment to increase blessing and nutrition for all.**

**LEADER** *Today we give thanks for the opportunity to gather*  
**And lift our voices to speak out on behalf of those who are hungry.**

**LEADER** *Today we give thanks and act*  
**So that no one goes hungry tomorrow.**

## KOS R'VI-I – THE FOURTH CUP

**LEADER** *We drink the Fourth Cup to remember our promise:*

**ALL** **We will create a world where all Americans, and all people, are free from hunger.**

We pray that, at this time next year, our fellow men, women, and children will be blessed with abundance and free from the yoke of hunger and poverty.

**LEADER** *We lift our glasses and read the blessing together (drink wine after the blessing):*

בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרֵי הַגָּפֶן.

*Baruch ata Adonai Elohenu Melech ha'olam borei p'ri hagafen.*

Blessed are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

# NIRTZAH – CONCLUSION

Our seder is now coming to a close. We celebrate our blessings, yet acknowledge the hunger that still plagues far too many in our communities and affirm our commitment to work together to create a hunger-free world.

## **ALL READ TOGETHER IN UNISON**

**This year we are here; next year in Jerusalem. This year we are pained by hunger; next year may all who are hungry come and eat.**





## **MAZON** | A Jewish Response To Hunger

MAZON: A Jewish Response to Hunger is a national nonprofit organization working to end hunger among people of all faiths and backgrounds in the United States and Israel. Founded in 1985, MAZON was the first national organization to rally the American Jewish community around the issue of hunger, and remains the only national Jewish organization dedicated exclusively to that same cause.

MAZON believes we can end hunger in America and Israel by acting to ensure that hungry people have access to the nutritious food they need today and by working to develop and advance long-term solutions so that no one goes hungry tomorrow.

To learn more about MAZON, please visit [mazon.org](http://mazon.org).

For Passover resources, including a Fifth Question Haggadah insert and action steps you can take now, please visit [mazon.org/passover](http://mazon.org/passover).